

Instructions for Use of LAMP Primers and Positive Control for Detection of Banana Wilt Pathogen (*Foc*)

1. Preparation of LAMP Primer^{*1} and Positive Control for Banana Wilt Pathogen Detection

1.1 Preparation of Primer Solutions (100 μ M each)

Add the required volume of 10 mM Tris/HCl (pH 8.0) Buffer ^{*2} to each primer tube to prepare the primers at 100 μ M, according to the Data Sheet. After vortex, centrifuge briefly (spin down).

*1: This product was jointly developed with Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology.

*2: Use molecular biology grade reagents.

1.2 Preparation of Primer Mix

Add the following volumes of each 100 μ M primer solution prepared in Section 1.1 into a sterile microtube. Vortex and briefly centrifuge. The resulting solution is referred to as the 「**10 $\times$ Primer Mix**」. Store at -20°C after preparation.

	1 Test	100 Tests
100 μ M FIP	0.40 μ L	40 μ L
100 μ M BIP	0.40 μ L	40 μ L
100 μ M F3	0.05 μ L	5 μ L
100 μ M B3	0.05 μ L	5 μ L
100 μ M LF	0.20 μ L	20 μ L
100 μ M LB	0.20 μ L	20 μ L
ddWater	1.20 μ L	120 μ L
Total Volume	2.50 μL	250 μL

1.3 Preparation of Positive Control

Add 10 μ L Positive Control Dissolve Solution, centrifuge briefly, and leave at room temperature for 5 minutes. Vortex again and briefly centrifuge. The solution is then ready for use as the 「**Positive Control**」.

The positive control tube contains 5×10^8 copies of each target DNA fragment for the *Foc* primers. Store at -20°C after preparation.

1.4 Processing Banana Samples

Extract DNA using a commercially available kit. For a simplified DNA extraction protocol from plant tissues, please contact Nippon Gene Co., Ltd.

The following describes the procedure for use with DryADD™ LAMP Master Mix (Turbidity/Visible Dye). For further details, please refer to the Instructions for Use.

2. Preparation of Reaction Mixture

2.1 Preparation of Master Mix

Prepare the required amount of reagents according to the number of tests in a reagent preparation tube, and dispense 23 µL into each DryADD™ LAMP Master Mix tube. **Perform all procedures on ice.**

	Per Test	8+1 Tests
10 × Primer Mix	2.5 µL	22.5 µL
LTV Dissolve Solution ^{*3}	5.0 µL	45.0 µL
ddWater	15.5 µL	139.5 µL
Total Dry Reagent Dissolve Solution	23.0 µL	207.0 µL

*3: This solution is included in DryADD™ LAMP Master Mix (Turbidity/Visible Dye).

2.2 Dissolving the Dry Reagents

After dispensing, close the caps and allow the tubes to stand for 2 minutes to dissolve the dried reagents.

2.3 Addition of Template DNA

Add 2.0 µL template DNA and close the cap. Mix by gentle inversion and centrifuge briefly. Avoid generating bubbles during mixing.

To prevent concentration of the reaction mixture due to evaporation, add 20.0 µL Mineral Oil. If using a thermal cycler equipped with a heated bonnet, mineral oil is not required.

Caution:

When using Mineral Oil, ensure that the dried reagents have completely dissolved before adding it. Contact between Mineral Oil and undissolved dried reagents may render the reagents insoluble.

3. Assay Procedure

3.1 LAMP Reaction

Incubate the prepared tubes for 60 minutes at the specified temperature using an incubator or turbidity measurement instrument.

Primer	Reaction Temperature (°C)
<i>Foc Ce15</i>	64.5
<i>Foc SIX8</i>	64.5
<i>Foc SIX7</i>	64.5
<i>Foc SIX6</i>	64.0

3.2 Termination of the LAMP Reaction

Stop the reaction by heating at 80°C for 2 minutes.

4. Interpretation of Results

Observe the color change of the reaction mixture.

- **Positive:** The solution changes to a **bright yellow-green** color.
- **Negative:** The solution remains **pale red** with no color change.

5. Race Identification

The pathogen race is determined based on the gene retention pattern indicated by each primer result.

<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>cubense</i>	<i>Foc Ce15</i>	<i>Foc SIX6</i>	<i>Foc SIX7</i>	<i>Foc SIX8</i>
Race 1	+	—	—	—
Race SR4	+	—	+	+
Race TR4	+	+	—	+
Other variants	—	±	±	±